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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/642,405	08/21/2000	Michael P. Neeper	20413Y	8029

7590 09/09/2003  
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EXAMINER

LI, QIAN J

ART UNIT

PAPER NUMBER

1632

16

DATE MAILED: 09/09/2003

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

<b>Office Action Summary</b>	<b>Application No.</b> 09/642,405	<b>Applicant(s)</b> NEEPER ET AL.	
	<b>Examiner</b> Q. Janice Li	<b>Art Unit</b> 1632	

-- **Th MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --**  
**Period for Reply**

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).
- Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

**Status**

- 1) ☒ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 10/15/02, 1/14/03.
- 2a) ☒ This action is **FINAL**.                      2b) ☐ This action is non-final.
- 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

**Disposition of Claims**

- 4) ☒ Claim(s) 1-4,6,7,10,11,15,17-26,28 and 30 is/are pending in the application.
- 4a) Of the above claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) ☒ Claim(s) 1-4,6,7,10,11,15,17-23 and 30 is/are allowed.
- 6) ☒ Claim(s) 24-26 and 28 is/are rejected.
- 7) ☒ Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are objected to.
- 8) ☐ Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

**Application Papers**

- 9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) ☒ The drawing(s) filed on 21 August 2000 is/are: a) ☒ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.  
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
- 11) ☐ The proposed drawing correction filed on \_\_\_\_\_ is: a) ☐ approved b) ☐ disapproved by the Examiner.  
If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action.
- 12) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.

**Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120**

- 13) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).  
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some \* c) ☐ None of:  
1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.  
2. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. \_\_\_\_\_.  
3. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).  
\* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.
- 14) ☒ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application).  
a) ☐ The translation of the foreign language provisional application has been received.
- 15) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120 and/or 121.

**Attachment(s)**

- |                                                                                              |                                                                             |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 1) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)                             | 4) <input type="checkbox"/> Interview Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s). _____  |
| 2) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)         | 5) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152) |
| 3) <input type="checkbox"/> Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s) _____ | 6) <input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____                                    |

### DETAILED ACTION

Applicant's request for reconsideration of the finality of the rejection of the last Office action is persuasive and, therefore, the finality of that action is withdrawn.

The amendment filed on 7/28/03 has been entered and assigned as Paper No. 14. Claims 9, 13, 14, 27, and 29 have been canceled, claims 1, 11, 15, 18, 19, 24-26, 28, and 30 have been amended, and claims 1-4, 6, 7, 10, 11, 15, 17-26, 28, and 30 are pending and under current examination.

Unless otherwise indicated, previous rejections that have been rendered moot in view of the amendment to pending claims will not be reiterated. The arguments in paper #14 would be addressed to the extent that they apply to current rejection.

### ***Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112***

The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.

#### ENABLEMENT REQUIREMENT

Claims 24-26 and 28 stand rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, because the specification, while being enabling for inducing an immune response to HPV16 infection in a subject using a polynucleotide encoding a codon-optimized HPV16 protein by intramuscular injection of the polynucleotide, does not reasonably provide enablement for inducing a protective immune response to HPV infection in a subject using a polynucleotide encoding a codon-optimized HPV16 protein by *any* route of

administration. The specification does not enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to practice the invention commensurate in scope with these claims.

In paper #14, applicants argue that the specification teaches other routes of administration and the claims encompass any mode of administration provided that any immune response to HPV16 results. In response to the cited references by the Office action paper #11, applicants submitted that the cited references fail to prove that Applicants claims are not enabled because the contested claims are drawn to a method of inducing *any* immune response to HPV16, whether or not the mode of administration results in the strongest or most desirable immune response (emphasis added by the applicant).

The arguments have been fully considered but they are not persuasive for reasons of record and following.

Although claims recite "inducing an immune response" and do not require a particular therapeutic use, given the broadest reasonable interpretation in light of the teaching of the specification, the claims clearly or implicitly state the intended use of the method. With respect to claim breadth, the standard under 35 U.S.C. §112, first paragraph entails the determination of what the claims recite and what the claims mean as a whole. As such, the broadest reasonable interpretation for "inducing an immune response to HPV16 in a human subject" properly encompasses genetic vaccination for disease treatment including prevention, alleviation and recovery from a disease, particularly HPV16 infection, therefore, the claims will be evaluated by that standard.

Here, an immune response that is sufficient to induce a protective immunity is required to enable the full scope of the invention.

Although the specification prophetically teaches and contemplates any mode of administration, such as intravenous and intraperitoneal injection, the only means of administration illustrated by the specification and achieved a protective immune response is via intramuscular injection. In this aspect, at the time of the instant effective filing date, the state of art acknowledges that the route of administration not only affects the strength or quantity but also the *nature* or *quality* of the immune response. It is not unusual that a tolerance response is triggered by intravenous injection of an antigen whereas intradermal injection of the same antigen induces a protective immune response. This is why *McCluskie et al* (Mol Med 1999 May;5:287-300) teach "ROUTES OF ADMINISTRATION OF PLASMID DNA VACCINES INFLUENCES THE STRENGTH AND NATURE OF IMMUNE RESPONSES IN MICE AND NON-HUMAN PRIMATES" (See abstract) and *Nakano et al* (J Virol 1997;71:7101-09) teach that immune reactivity with plasmid DNA encoding HCV-E2 antigenic domains is linked to the injection mode, "DIFFERENT ROUTES OF INJECTION OF HCV E2 PLASMID CAN RESULT IN QUANTITATIVELY AND QUALITATIVELY DIFFERENT HUMORAL IMMUNE RESPONSES" (see abstract). Therefore, considering the teachings of the skilled artisan, specific, not general guidance, is necessary to enable the full scope of the claimed invention. The specification fails to provide such specific guidance, thus, fails to provide an enabling disclosure commensurate with the scope of the claims.

Applicants further cited case law arguing that 35 USC § 112, 1<sup>st</sup> paragraph does not require the disclosure of every species claimed. In response, it is noted that in

applications directed to inventions in arts where the results are unpredictable, the disclosure of a single species usually does not provide an adequate basis to support generic claims. In re Soll, 97 F.2d 623, 38 USPQ 189 (CCPA 1938). In cases involving unpredictable factors, such as most chemical reactions and physiological activity, more may be required. In re Goodman, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (CA FC 1993); In re Fisher, 166 USPQ 18 (CCPA 1970) (contrasting mechanical and electrical elements with chemical reactions and physiological activity). See also In re Wright, 999 F.2d 1557, 27 USPQ2d 1510 (Fed. Cir. 1993); In re Vaeck, 947 F.2d 488, 20 USPQ2d 1438 (Fed. Cir. 1991). This is because it is not obvious from the disclosure of one species, what other species will work.

Therefore, in view of the limited guidance, the lack of predictability of the art and the breadth of the claims, one skill in the art could not practice the invention without undue experimentation as it is broadly claimed.

### ***Conclusion***

Claims 1-4, 6, 7, 10, 11, 15, 17-23, and 30 are allowable.

**THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL.** See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the

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shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

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Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Q. Janice Li whose telephone number is 703-308-7942. The examiner can normally be reached on 8:30 am - 5 p.m., Monday through Friday.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Deborah J. Reynolds can be reached on 703-305-4051. The fax numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are 703-872-9306 for regular communications and 703-872-9307 for After Final communications.

Any inquiry of formal matters can be directed to the patent analyst, Dianiece Jacobs, whose telephone number is (703) 305-3388.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is 703-308-1235. The faxing of such papers must conform to the notice published in the Official Gazette 1096 OG 30 (November 15, 1989).

Q. Janice Li  
Examiner  
Art Unit 1632

QJL  
August 25, 2003

ANNE M. WEHBE' PH.D  
PRIMARY EXAMINER

